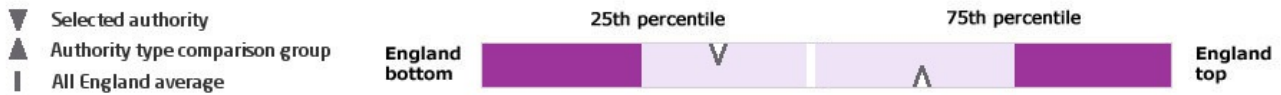


Headline report for City of London

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The following table and chart provide headline figures, from the latest available data, for a prototype list of key metrics for England. These are not intended to be definitive reports for a given theme, but rather common starting points that authorities can build on in considering their local priorities.

The chart shows how your authority compares to the rest of England for each key metric. The result for your authority is indicated by a downward-pointing triangle, with the result by authority type for each metric shown as an upward-pointing triangle. Both figures are displayed on a bar showing the range of results for all England.



	Metric	Local value	Type avg	Eng avg	Eng bottom	England range	Eng top
A safe place to live	Temporary accommodation (1)	0.9	10.8	1.7	31.4		0.0
	Burglary in a dwelling (2)	3.50	7.79	3.70	12.74		0.00
	Violence with injury (3)	26.75	8.62	5.77	26.75		1.64
	Alcohol related hospital admissions (4)	444	495	459	839		227
	Road traffic accidents (KSI) (5)	46	97	101	728		23
	People satisfied with their local area as a place to live (6)	92.4	75.4	81.2	56.0		94.2
Opportunity for all	Employment rate (7)	NA	68.0	71.7	54.6		84.7
	Out of work benefits (8)	3.1	12.4	10.8	22.4		2.0
	NEETs (16-18 year olds) (9)	0.2	5.0	6.1	11.4		0.0
	GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths) (10)	NA	61.9	58.2	40.8		74.7
	Care leavers in EET (11)	NA	67.4	61.4	0.0		88.0
	First time entrants Youth Justice (12)	NA	1037	900	2436		343
Environment	Household waste per household (13)	459.27	589.06	534.82	1424.58		280.76
	Household waste recycling (14)	39.03	32.96	40.08	14.02		65.79
Supporting families and young people	Hospital admissions CYP (15)	NA	98.7	120.5	216.8		68.0
	Children's initial assessments (16)	96.2	66.3	67.2	29.1		96.9
	Children's core assessments (17)	100.0	77.3	75.8	40.3		100.0
	Second or subsequent child protection plans (18)	0.0	12.1	13.0	30.0		0.0
	Carers receiving needs assessment (19)	53.8	30.6	30.1	4.0		98.5
	Under 18 conception (20)	NA	37.5	32.8	64.7		6.2
	Care leavers in suitable accommodation (21)	NA	92.3	90.6	0.0		100.0
A healthy and well-supported community	Low birth weight (22)	NA	7.6	7.0	11.5		4.3
	Obesity school children year 6 (23)	NA	21.6	18.2	26.5		9.8
	Delayed transfer of care (24)	0	15	27	194		0
	Timeliness of social care assessments (25)	92.6	88.1	82.8	45.2		100.0
	Timeliness of social care packages (26)	86.7	90.2	90.5	73.1		99.2
	Vulnerable people achieving independent living (27)	78.26	78.22	77.37	0.00		100.00
	Supported to maintain independent living (28)	98.98	98.66	98.50	93.32		100.00
An efficient organisation	Council tax collected (29)	99.38	95.87	97.49	91.71		99.44
	Time taken to process benefits (30)	36	15	13	49		2
	Planning applications minor (31)	NA	71	72	1		98
	Sickness Absence rate (32)	NA	7.7	8.8	14.5		3.6
	Ombudsman complaints (33)	9	82	28	212		0
	People are satisfied with the way the council runs things (34)	72.7	50.0	45.3	22.4		75.3

Definitions

Local value

This is the value for your authority, using the most recently available data.

England average

This shows the mean (the most common measure on average) for a given metric. It is the sum of all relevant values divided by the total number of councils. For metrics 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 13, 14, 22 and 23 the England average does not include values for counties. This is to avoid double counting.

Type average

This shows the mean score for all councils of the same type as your authority (for example, district, county, London, metropolitan or English unitary). It is the sum of values for all councils of the same type, divided by the total number of them.

England top and bottom

These values provide the minimum and the maximum values for councils within England. The 'England top' will not necessarily represent best performance as, for some variables, a low value may represent good performance (for example, in the metric 'people killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents').

England range

This shows your authority's value in the context of all English councils' values, which has been divided into quartiles. A quartile is one of the three points that divide a range of data or population into four equal parts. The first quartile is the number below which lies the 25 percent of the bottom data. The second quartile divides the range at the mid-point and has 50 percent of the data below it. The third quartile has 75 percent of the data below it and the top 25 percent of the data above it.

Metric list

1. Number of households living in temporary accommodation per 1,000 households (period: 01-10-2011 - 31-12-2011; unit of measure: Per 1,000)
2. Crime - Burglary in a dwelling (offences per 1,000 population) - quarterly (period: 01-10-2010 - 30-09-2011; unit of measure: Per 1,000)
3. Crime - Violence against the person - with injury (offences per 1,000 population) - quarterly (period: 01-10-2010 - 30-09-2011; unit of measure: Per 1,000)
4. Rate of hospital admissions per 100,000 for alcohol related harm (period: 01-04-2011 - 30-06-2011; unit of measure: Per 100,000)
5. People killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents (period: 01-01-2008 - 31-12-2010; unit of measure: Number)
6. Percentage of residents satisfied with their local area as a place to live? (postal survey) (period: 01-04-2008 - 31-03-2009; unit of measure: Per cent)
7. Overall employment rate (working-age) (period: 01-10-2010 - 30-09-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
8. Working age people on out of work benefits (period: 01-07-2011 - 30-09-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
9. Percentage of 16 to 18 year olds who are not in education, employment or training (NEET) (period: 01-01-2010 - 31-12-2010; unit of measure: Per cent)
10. Achievement of 5 or more A*-C grades at GCSE or equivalent, including English and Maths (period: 01-09-2010 - 31-08-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
11. Care leavers in education, employment or training (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
12. First time entrants to the Youth Justice System aged 10 - 17 (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per 100,000)
13. Residual household waste per household (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Kg per household)
14. Percentage of household waste sent for reuse, recycling and composting (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
15. Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries to children and young people (period: 01-04-2009 - 31-03-2010; unit of measure: Per 10,000)
16. Percentage of initial assessments for children's social care carried out within 7 working days of referral (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
17. Percentage of core assessments for children's social care that were carried out within 35 working days of their commencement (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
18. Percentage of children becoming the subject of a child protection plan for a second or subsequent time (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
19. Carers receiving needs assessment or review and a specific carer's service, or advice and information (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
20. Under 18 conception rate (period: 01-01-2010 - 31-12-2010; unit of measure: Per cent)
21. Care leavers in suitable accommodation (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
22. Child health, % low birthweight (period: 01-01-2010 - 31-12-2010; unit of measure: Per cent)
23. Obesity in primary school age children in Year 6 (period: 01-09-2010 - 31-08-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
24. Number of acute and non-acute patients whose transfer of care is delayed (period: 01-02-2012 - 29-02-2012; unit of measure: Number)
25. Timeliness of social care assessment (all adults) (period: 01-04-2009 - 31-03-2010; unit of measure: Per cent)
26. Timeliness of social care packages following assessment (period: 01-04-2009 - 31-03-2010; unit of measure: Per cent)
27. Percentage of vulnerable people achieving independent living (period: 01-01-2011 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
28. Percentage of vulnerable people who are supported to maintain independent living (period: 01-01-2011 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
29. Council tax collected as a percentage of council tax due (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
30. Time taken to process housing benefit/council tax benefit new claims and change events (period: 01-07-2011 - 30-09-2011; unit of measure: Days)
31. Processing of planning applications - minor applications (period: 01-07-2011 - 30-09-2011; unit of measure: Per cent)
32. Sickness absence FTE days per employee (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Days)
33. Local Government Ombudsman - Complaints to the local government ombudsman, total complaints determined (excluding premature complaints) (period: 01-04-2010 - 31-03-2011; unit of measure: Number)
34. Percentage of people who are satisfied with the way the council runs things? (postal survey) (period: 01-04-2008 - 31-03-2009; unit of measure: Per cent)

For more information on your area visit: www.local.gov.uk/lginform